Gleanings from our Alumni
Dr. Carey V. Freeman is the official host to Howard men when they pass through Jacksonville, Fla.

We are happy to have had with us for a few days of visiting and observing, Dr. Adolph L. Hymans. After his graduation in 1910 he began practice in British Guiana. Later, however, he moved to Dutch Guiana where he is engaged both in private practice and in government service. His present address is Gravenstraat, Paramaribo, Surinam, Dutch Guiana.

We have read with pleasure and pride a recent article by Dr. Charles Dorsey (the Old War Horse) of Philadelphia. His subject was “Come On In Dentistry Is Good.” and the article was published in the Silver Anniversary issue of the Kappa Alpha Psi Journal.

Instead of “singing the blues” as we often do, Dr. Dorsey offers his presentation in a very optimistic vein. We should like to see and read more discussions of this type. We know Dr. Dorsey as a loyal alumnus, a successful practitioner, and a consistent worker in organized dentistry. We recommend that you read his article and emulate his example.

Dr. A. J. Collins, of 2227 Lady Street, Columbia, S. C., was host to the Howard faculty members who served as clinicians at the meeting of the Palmetto Medico and Dental Society.

Raleigh, N. C., lost one of its leading dentists in the recent passing of Dr. George G. Evans.

Dr. J. H. Terrell is still the prosperous bachelor dentist of West Palm Beach, Fla. His address is 902 Seventh Street.

Dr. Waldo J. Howard was born in Rusk, Texas, of parents who had migrated from Alabama. He received his early education in the primary and high schools of Jacksonville and Palestine, Texas, and his college training at Prairie View State College. He was inspired to study dentistry by observing the suffering caused by his own parents by dental disease and seeing the type of treatment they received.
“Waldo” graduated from the College of Dentistry of Howard University in 1916 and entered practice in August of the same year at Houston, Texas. He is also licensed in New York State. His practice at Houston was punctuated by two years of Army service overseas during the World War.

A list of some of Dr. Howard’s affiliations should leave no doubt that he is an organization man of the “first water.” He was for two years chairman of the Dental Section of the N. M. A., served as chairman of Dental Section of the Lone Star State Medical, Dental, and Pharmaceutical Association, was one of the organizers and the first president of the Gulf State Dental Association. He has served as Vice-President of, and is now President-Elect of the National Dental Association. He has given a number of X-Ray clinics at state and national meetings. He is a member of the A. M. E. Church, is a Mason and Elk, and is a member of local civic organizations too numerous to mention.

Dr. A. S. Lafayette enjoys a very full practice at 506 W. Broad Street, Savannah, Ga.

Dr. Matthew Kendrick maintains a very busy office at 4305a Eastern Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

1917

Dr. G. S. Barnes, who is also a lawyer, is devoting the greater part of his time to the practice of law.

Dr. H. D. Howel is located at 917a N. Sarah Street, St. Louis, Missouri.

1918

It is the sincere wish of every member of all Howardites and of every member of the Ohio Valley Dental Society that a speedy recovery attend Dr. T. J. Banks, who has temporarily retired from active practice because of illness.
Dr. W. Preston Foreman has returned to his Chicago practice.

Dr. John W. Sullivan of Philadelphia, was guest clinician at the recent meeting of the Georgia Dental Society.

1920

We are very sorry to report the sudden passing of Dr. R. Beecher Taylor, on April 13, 1939. He had practiced in Richmond, Virginia, since his graduation and was an active member of his local and state dental societies.

Dr. S. D. Miller is proud of another son, making a total of six sons and one daughter. He recently gave a very instructive clinic on porcelain jacket and thimble crowns.

1921

Dr. L. F. Wooten is now in Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Reginald Mathews has returned to Chicago and will resume practicing very soon.

1922

Dr. Lewis A. Fairclough is proving to be a very efficient Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements for the meeting of the N. D. A. in New York next August.

1923

Dr. H. Sumner Colum is pursuing post-graduate courses in Orthodontia, and reports much success in his treatment of malocclusion.

Members of the Class of 1923 who were present at the 1938 meeting of the N. D. A. are Fletcher Barber and Jackson L. Davis, of Washington, D. C., B. W. Barnes of Greensboro, N. C., W. T. Burke of Dallas, Texas, Frank Christmas and J. C. Moyse of Philadelphia, Pa., H. S. Colum and E. A. Graham of Chicago, Ill., S. C. Hamilton of Waterbury, Conn., F. D. Morton, Virginia State Clinician, Henry P. Smith of Columbus, Ohio, and Roscoe C. Ward of Portchester, N. Y. The class reorganized with J. C. Moyse, President, and Franklin D. Christmas, Secretary. It is their intention to have an annual reunion in connection with the meeting of the N. D. A.

Dr. Clarence L. Smith is still carrying on in creditable fashion in his efforts to present to the public the subject of “Dentistry as a General Health Measure.” In his recent broadcast over Station WPEN, Philadelphia, he discussed the subject “Mouth Hygiene,” and stressed the close causative relation between unhealthy oral conditions and general systemic disease.

Dr. Heywood G. Thompson of
1930

Dr. James E. Carter of Augusta, Ga., was a member of the Committee which was responsible for the splendid program of the newly formed Georgia Dental Society.

1932

Dr. A. M. Brooks is in charge of Oral Surgery at Homer G. Phillips Hospital in St. Louis. He expects soon to join the ranks of the beneficents.

When one leaves the B. & O. Railroad station in Plainfield, N. J., the first thing he sees is the beautiful office of Dr. George McNeely. It is our hope that just as the location of his office is prominent that he, through diligence and hard work, will become eminent in the eyes of the residents of his town.

1933

Dr. Westanna O. I. Byrom has left Cleveland, Tenn., and is now at 425½ E. Ninth Street, Chattanooga, Tenn.

The combination of Cheevers and Gaines was seen recently at the meeting of the Florida A. & M. Clinical Association. They are practicing together at Albany, Georgia.

1935

Dr. James L. Brown, one of the Virginia State Dental Clinicians, makes his residence at 1719 Wood Street, Richmond, Va.

1936

Dr. James J. Byrd is secretary of the Commonwealth Dental Society of North Jersey. He is located at 335 W. Broad St., Westfield, N. J.

Dr. L. H. Nofles is practicing at 941a N. Sarah Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Drs. Irving L. McCaine and John E. Maupin announce the opening of their joint offices at 429 William St., Buffalo, N. Y.

DENTAL HYGIENISTS

1935

Miss Marie Abrams who was formerly employed as hygienist in the Public Schools of New Orleans was married to Mr. Charles O. Burbridge, September 15, 1937.

Miss F. Evelyn Baker is practicing in the office of Dr. Stephen C. Hamilton, Waterbury, Connecticut. She is planning to visit her alma mater in the very near future.

Miss Phoebe Johnson, having completed one year in the graduate school on the "Hill," is now teaching in the public schools of Baltimore, Maryland.

Miss Melba Savoy has been permanently appointed Dental
the roentgenogram shows pus or fluid of any kind, or granulation tissue, or infection, is to indulge in speculation.

Those who employ the roentgenogram as a diagnostic aid are limited by their knowledge of the normal structures and pathological processes under examination and of the relative intensity of the shadows produced by these structures and processes.

The following examples should illustrate some of the important limitations of roentgenographic examinations in dentistry:

1. A periapical shadow may be cast by a normal structure, such as a foramen, or it may result from bone changes incident to infection, or from mechanical or chemical injury without infection.

2. A radiolucent area may result from recent surgery, or injured tissue in the process of healing. The shadow of a cystic cavity in a granulomatous area would appear about the same before, or immediately after surgical treatment.

3. A tooth may contain a dead pulp and show no radiographic evidence of pathologic change in the periapical tissues. On the other hand, periapical bone change of traumatic origin may co-exist with a vital pulp.

4. A primary acute alveolar abscess with alarming signs and symptoms may show little or no evidence of periapical tissue change.

5. The socket of an extracted root may be filled with sclerotic bone of such density that it cannot be differentiated from dentine by roentgenographic examination above.

6. Circumscribed areas of normal bone rich in marrow, but lacking in cancellations frequently appear in the alveolar process. They are registered on the film as translucent zones similar in appearance to areas of disease.

7. Deep pus pockets along the buccal or lingual sides of teeth may fail to register on the film. The same is true of pit cavities on the occlusal surface of teeth.

Many other pitfalls that await those who essay a diagnosis on the basis of roentgenographic evidence alone may be cited. These should suffice to emphasize the necessity of gathering evidence from all available sources before making a diagnosis.